



INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS OF RWANDA

Driving Sustainable Performance



CERTIFIED ACCOUNTING TECHNICIAN

LEVEL 1 EXAMINATION

L1.4: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS

WEDNESDAY: 7 JUNE 2017

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Time Allowed: 3 hours 15 minutes (15 minutes reading and 3 hours writing).

2. This examination has seven(7) questions and only five(5) questions are to be attempted.

3. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

4. Show all your workings.

5. All iCPAR Examination rules and regulations apply.

QUESTION ONE

(a) While reconciling books of account an accountant noted the amounts spent on the same item on three different occasions, in Frw million were as follows:

(i) 15.8363756

(ii) 15.08490

(iii) 15.0275

REQUIRED:

Express each amount to the accuracy of 3 significant figures.

(4 Marks)

(b) The distance between Town (A) in Nyaruguru District and Town (B) in Kayonza District is 250 Km.

A bus moves from(A) to (B) at an average speed of $x \text{ Kmh}^{-1}$ and returns to (A) at an average speed reduced by 4 Kmh^{-1} . The entire journey took $5\frac{1}{2}$ hours.

REQUIRED:

(i) Form and simplify an equation for x .

(4 Marks)

(ii) Solve for x .

(3 Marks)

(c) The profit, P (Frw '000') of micro enterprise in a period of one week is influenced by the investment, q (Frw '000,000'). The function of (P) is given by $P = (1 - q)(q - 6)$.

REQUIRED:

(i) Plot a graph for $P = (1 - q)(q - 6)$ for the domain $1 \leq q \leq 6$

(6 Marks)

(ii) Use the graph in c(i) above to determine the:

• Investment that yields a profit of 5.

(2 Marks)

• Maximum value of (P).

(1 Mark)

(Total 20 Marks)

QUESTION TWO

(a) It is claimed that six out of ten African people are under the age of 18 years. In a certain African country, the population is 14 million.

REQUIRED:

Calculate the:

(i) Expected number of people who are under the age of 18 years.

(2 Marks)

(ii) Number of girls in this country who are under the age of 18 years given that the ratio of girls to boys is 3:1.

(2 Marks)

(b) The human resource management department periodically conducts interviews for job placements. To qualify for the second interview, one must pass the preliminary interview. Keza and Shyaka applied for a job and sat the preliminary interview. The probability that Keza and Shyaka qualify for the second interview are $\frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{7}$ respectively.

REQUIRED:

Find the probability that for the second interview:

- (i) Both Keza and Shyaka qualify. **1 Mark**
 - (ii) Either Keza or Shyaka but not both qualify. **(4 Marks)**
 - (iii) At least one of them qualifies. **(2 Marks)**
- (c) Nkunzi Stores Limited deals in beans that are packed in 50 Kg sacks. On different occasions the beans were randomly weighed and found to be under weight X , with the probabilities given in the table.

X	1	3	6	n	12
Probability $P(X)$	0.1	0.3	k	0.25	0.15

REQUIRED:

Find the value of:

- (i) k . **(2 Marks)**
 - (ii) n given that $E(X) = 6$. **(4 Marks)**
 - (iii) $E(X^2)$. **(3 Marks)**
- (Total 20 Marks)**

QUESTION THREE

- (a) (i) Outline any three merits of the chain base method of computing index numbers. **(3 Marks)**
- (ii) The table below gives the variation of the unit price of a certain commodity over a period of time.

Year	2014	2015	2016
Price (Frw)	350	370	345

REQUIRED:

Construct chain base index numbers from the given data. **(3 Marks)**

- (b) Abayisenga and Company Limited revised salaries of their employees in a bid to cope with inflation and in fulfillment of an overdue promise to their employees. The table below gives the breakdown of the improved salaries per annum.

Salary per annum	Number of employees
Frw '000,000'	
15.2 – 16.8	3
16.9 – 18.5	5
18.6 – 20.2	12
20.3 – 21.9	20
22.0 – 23.6	15
23.7 – 25.3	4
25.4 – 27.0	1

REQUIRED:

- (i) Calculate the improved mean salary to the nearest million. **(4 Marks)**
- (ii) Determine the standard deviation of the improved salary to the nearest million. **(3 Marks)**
- (iii) Construct a histogram for the improved salaries and use it to estimate the modal salary, to 2 decimal places. **(5 Marks)**
- (iv) Hence find Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness, to one decimal place. **(2 Marks)**

(Total 20 Marks)**QUESTION FOUR**

- (a) As a requirement for mature age entry into one of the leading private universities in Kigali, a group of seven students sat for two different aptitude tests. The results of each test are as given below.

Student	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Aptitude 1	44	35	25	40	17	48	50
Aptitude 2	38	48	44	58	54	56	47

REQUIRED:

- (i) Calculate Spearman's coefficient of rank correlation between the two aptitude tests. **(6 Marks)**
- (ii) Comment on the result in a(i) above. **(1 Mark)**

- (b) Hakizimana Mining Company Limited mines sand for sale in Nyamasheke District. The sales and total cost were extracted from its records and compiled on quarterly basis for a period of four years as given below:

Sand (x) '000' tonnes	10	14	18	29	35	40	46	55	61	69	74	79
Total cost (y) million Francs	30	35	38	50	55	60	70	73	81	86	94	96

REQUIRED:

- (i) Plot a scatter diagram for the data. **(4 Marks)**
- (ii) Comment on the correlation. **(1 Mark)**
- (iii) Construct a best line for the data. **(1 Mark)**
- (iv) Find the equation of best line in b (iii) above. **(3 Marks)**
- (v) Use the equation in b (iv) above to determine:
 - y when x is 78 tonnes. **(2 Marks)**
 - x when y is 65 million Francs. **(2 Marks)**

(Total 20 Marks)**QUESTION FIVE**

- (a) Outline any two limitations of forecasting. **(2 Marks)**
- (b) ABC Diaries Limited realised the following profits (in million Francs) in the years given below.

Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Profit (million)	60	72	75	65	80	85	95

- REQUIRED:**
- (i) Determine the equation of the straight line trend by the method of least squares. **(9 Marks)**
 - (ii) Show the trend values. **(2 Marks)**
 - (iii) Estimate the profit for 2017. **(2 Marks)**
 - (iv) Find the monthly increase in profit. **(2 Marks)**
 - (v) Eliminate the season variations using the multiplicative model. **(3 Marks)**
- (Total 20 Marks)**

- QUESTION SIX**
- (a) (i) Define the term “annuity”. **(2 Marks)**
 - (ii) Distinguish between certain and perpetual annuities. **(2 Marks)**
 - (b) Ms Gisa invested Frw 12.5 million at a rate of 12% per annum for 4 years.

- REQUIRED:**
- Determine the:
- (i) Net present value of Ms Gisa’s investment, to the nearest million. **(4 Marks)**
 - (ii) Interest Ms Gisa earned per annum. **(2 Marks)**

(c) Bakunda SACCO borrowed Frw 25 million from Guaranty Trust Bank Rwanda Limited so as to expand their lending portfolio. The SACCO is to pay back the loan in 8 years time, at a rate of 10%, amortised by equal annual payments.

- REQUIRED:**
- Determine the:
- (i) Amount to be paid per annum. **(4 Marks)**
 - (ii) Interest earned by the bank per annum. **(2 Marks)**
 - (iii) The increase in the amount to be paid per annum if the bank had offered a period of 5 years only. **(4 Marks)**

- (Total 20 Marks)**

- QUESTION SEVEN**
- (a) Identify any four functions of commonly used spreadsheet software. **(4 Marks)**
 - (b) In a certain accountancy college in Kigali, students sat for a mock examinations before sitting for the June 2017 iCPAR examinations. The scores, X in one of the subjects was normally distributed with mean, μ and standard deviation δ . It was further observed that the probability of a candidate scoring above 55% was 0.0228 and that of a candidate scoring below 42.5% was 0.0013.

REQUIRED:

- (i) Form two simultaneous equations in μ and δ . **(4 Marks)**
- (ii) Solve for μ and δ . **(3 Marks)**
- (iii) Find the probability that a candidate scored between 45% and 48.8%. **(3 Marks)**
- (c) The following table gives the output in tonnes of maize flour produced by workers in a milling company.

Maize flour (tonnes)	400 - 430	430 - 460	460 - 490	490 - 520	520 - 550
Number of workers	31	58	60	k	27

REQUIRED:

Determine the value of (k) given that the mean of the above distribution is 472 tonnes. **(6 Marks)**

(Total 20 Marks)

End of question paper

CUMULATIVE NORMAL DISTRIBUTION $P(z)$

Z	ADD																		
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.0	0.0000	0.0040	0.0080	0.0120	0.0160	0.0199	0.0239	0.0279	0.0319	0.0359	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
0.1	0.0398	0.0438	0.0478	0.0517	0.0557	0.0596	0.0636	0.0675	0.0714	0.0753	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
0.2	0.0793	0.0832	0.0871	0.0910	0.0948	0.0987	0.1026	0.1064	0.1103	0.1141	4	8	12	15	19	22	27	31	35
0.3	0.1179	0.1217	0.1255	0.1293	0.1331	0.1368	0.1406	0.1443	0.1480	0.1517	4	8	11	15	19	22	26	30	34
0.4	0.1554	0.1591	0.1628	0.1664	0.1700	0.1736	0.1772	0.1808	0.1844	0.1879	4	7	11	14	18	22	25	29	32
0.5	0.1915	0.1950	0.1985	0.2019	0.2054	0.2088	0.2123	0.2157	0.2190	0.2224	3	7	10	14	17	21	24	27	31
0.6	0.2257	0.2291	0.2324	0.2357	0.2389	0.2422	0.2454	0.2486	0.2517	0.2549	3	6	10	13	16	19	23	26	29
0.7	0.2580	0.2611	0.2642	0.2673				2704	2734	2764	2794	2823	2852	3	6	9	12	15	19
0.8	0.2881	0.2910	0.2939	0.2967	0.2995	0.3023		3051	3078	3106	3133	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24
0.9	0.3159	0.3186	0.3212	0.3238	0.3264	0.3289		3315	3340	3365	3389	3	5	8	10	13	16	18	21
1.0	0.3413	0.3438	0.3461	0.3485	0.3508		3531	3554	3577	3599	3621	2	5	7	10	12	14	17	19
1.1	0.3643	0.3665	0.3686	0.3708			3729	3749	3770	3790	3810	3830	2	4	6	8	11	13	15
1.2	0.3849	0.3869	0.3888	0.3907	0.3925		3944	3962	3980	3997	4015		2	4	6	8	10	12	14
1.3	0.4032	0.4049	0.4066	0.4082	0.4099	0.4115	0.4131	0.4147	0.4162	0.4177	2	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	
1.4	0.4192	0.4207	0.4222	0.4236	0.4251	0.4265	0.4279	0.4292	0.4306	0.4319	1	3	4	6	7	8	10	11	
1.5	0.4332	0.4345	0.4357	0.4370	0.4382	0.4394	0.4406	0.4418	0.4429	0.4441	1	2	4	5	6	7	8	10	
1.6	0.4452	0.4463	0.4474	0.4484	0.4495	0.4505	0.4515	0.4525	0.4535	0.4545	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1.7	0.4554	0.4564	0.4573	0.4582	0.4591	0.4599	0.4608	0.4616	0.4625	0.4633	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	
1.8	0.4641	0.4649	0.4656	0.4664	0.4671	0.4678	0.4686	0.4693	0.4699	0.4706	1	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	
1.9	0.4713	0.4719	0.4726	0.4732	0.4738	0.4744	0.4750	0.4756	0.4761	0.4767	1	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	
2.0	0.4772	0.4778	0.4783	0.4788	0.4793	0.4798	0.4803	0.4808	0.4812	0.4817	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	
2.1	0.4821	0.4826	0.4830	0.4834	0.4838	0.4842	0.4846	0.4850	0.4854	0.4857	0	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	
2.2	0.4861	0.4864	0.4868	0.4871	0.4875	0.4878	0.4881	0.4884	0.4887	0.4890	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	
2.3	0.4893	0.4896	0.4898	0.4901	0.4904	0.4906	0.4909	0.4911	0.4913	0.4916	0	0	1	1	1	2	2	2	
2.4	0.4918	0.4920	0.4922	0.4925	0.4927	0.4929	0.4931	0.4932	0.4934	0.4936	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	2	
2.5	0.4938	0.4940	0.4941	0.4943	0.4945	0.4946	0.4948	0.4949	0.4951	0.4952									
2.6	0.4953	0.4955	0.4956	0.4957	0.4959	0.4960	0.4961	0.4962	0.4963	0.4964									
2.7	0.4965	0.4966	0.4967	0.4968	0.4969	0.4970	0.4971	0.4972	0.4973	0.4974									
2.8	0.4974	0.4975	0.4976	0.4977	0.4977	0.4978	0.4979	0.4979	0.4980	0.4981									
2.9	0.4981	0.4982	0.4982	0.4983	0.4984	0.4984	0.4985	0.4985	0.4986	0.4986									
3.0	0.4987	0.4990	0.4993	0.4995	0.4997	0.4998	0.4998	0.4999	0.4999	0.5000									

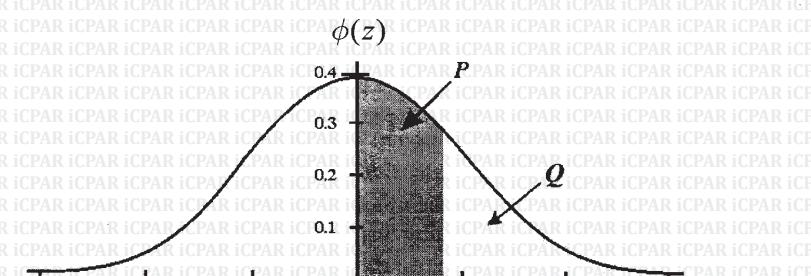
The table gives $P(z) = \int_0^z \phi(z) dz$

If the random variable Z is distributed as the standard normal distribution $N(0,1)$ then:

1. $P(0 < Z < z_p) = P(\text{Shaded Area})$

2. $P(Z > Z_p) = Q = \frac{1}{2} - P$

3. $P(|Z| > |Z_p|) = 1 - 2P = 2Q$



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